

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 27-Jan-2010 Revision Date 02-May-2025 Revision Number 14

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Dichloromethane

Cat No. : D/1854/PB15, D/1854/PB17 Synonyms Dichloromethane; DCM

 Index No
 602-004-00-3

 CAS No
 75-09-2

 EC No
 200-838-9

 Molecular Formula
 C H2 Cl2

REACH registration number 01-2119480404-41

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU5 - Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur

SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)

SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals

SU10 - Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys) SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment,

services, craftsmen)

SU24 - Scientific research and development

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

see SECTION 16 for a complete list of uses for which an exposure scenario is provided as

an annex

Environmental release category ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of

articles

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems SU21 - Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

REACH Annex XVII Restriction - refer to SECTION 15

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Uses advised against

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Skin Corrosion/IrritationCategory 2 (H315)Serious Eye Damage/Eye IrritationCategory 2 (H319)CarcinogenicityCategory 2 (H351)Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)Category 3 (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16





Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

The vapor has narcotic effect and in high concentrations induces unconsciousness which can be fatal

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P284 - Wear respiratory protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

Dichloromethane Revision Date 02-May-2025

Additional EU labelling

Restricted to industrial use and to approved professionals

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central nervous system

Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.

The vapor has narcotic effect and in high concentrations induces unconsciousness which can be fatal Vapors are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing Decomposes in a fire, giving off toxic fumes: phosgene and hydrochloric acid, Carbon monoxide Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture of weld containers This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

| Component | CAS No | EC No | Weight % | GHS Classification - According to |
|--------------------|---------|-------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | | GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and |
| | | | | UK SI 2020/1567 |
| Methylene chloride | 75-09-2 | EEC No. 200-838-9 | >99.5 | Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) |
| | | | | Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) |
| | | | | STOT SE 3 (H336) |
| | | | | Carc. 2 (H351) |

Note

Stabilised with Amylene (CAS 513-35-9)

| | REACH registration number | 01-2119480404-41 |
|--|---------------------------|------------------|
|--|---------------------------|------------------|

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Use personal protective equipment as required.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system

Dichloromethane

Revision Date 02-May-2025

depression: Continued or high exposures by inhalation will cause anaesthetic effects. This may result in a loss of consciousness and could prove fatal: Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central nervous system

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

A patient adversely affected by exposure to this product should not be given adrenaline (epinephrine) or similar heart stimulant since these would increase the risk of cardiac arrhythmias. Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Phosgene, Hydrogen chloride gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Wear respiratory protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Ventilate the area.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Dichloromethane Revision Date 02-May-2025

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Reacts with aluminum and its alloys.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store in aluminum containers.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 6.1D

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

| Component | The United Kingdom | European Union | Ireland |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Methylene chloride | STEL: 200 ppm 15 min | TWA: 353 mg/m ³ (8h) | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr. |
| | STEL: 706 mg/m ³ 15 min | TWA: 100 ppm (8h) | TWA: 353 mg/m ³ 8 hr. |
| | TWA: 353 mg/m ³ 8 hr | STEL: 706 mg/m ³ (15min) | STEL: 200 ppm 15 min |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr | STEL: 200 ppm (15min) | STEL: 706 mg/m ³ 15 min |
| | Skin | Skin | Skin |

Biological limit values

List source(s): **UK** - Biological Monitoring Guidance Values provided by the UK's Health and Safety Executive (HSE) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended) and EH40/2005.

| Component | United Kingdom | European Union |
|--------------------|--|----------------|
| Methylene chloride | Carbon monoxide: 30 ppm end-tidal breath | |
| | post shift | |

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

| Component | Acute effects local (Dermal) | Acute effects systemic (Dermal) | Chronic effects local (Dermal) | Chronic effects systemic (Dermal) |
|--------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Methylene chloride | | | | DNEL = 12mg/kg |
| 75-09-2 (>99.5) | | | | bw/day |

| Component | Acute effects local (Inhalation) | Acute effects systemic (Inhalation) | Chronic effects local (Inhalation) | Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation) |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Methylene chloride 75-09-2 (>99.5) | | DMEL = 132.14mg/m ³ | | DNEL = 176mg/m ³ |

Dichloromethane Revision Date 02-May-2025

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

| | Component | Fresh water | | Water Intermittent | Microorganisms in | Soil (Agriculture) |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| L | | | sediment | | sewage treatment | |
| Γ | Methylene chloride | PNEC = 130μg/L | PNEC = 163µg/kg | PNEC = 0.27mg/L | PNEC = 26mg/L | PNEC = 173µg/kg |
| 1 | 75-09-2 (>99.5) | PNEC = 0.31mg/L | sediment dw | | | soil dw |
| 1 | | | PNEC = 2.57 mg/kg | | | PNEC = 0.33 mg/kg |
| | | | sediment dw | | | soil dw |

| Component | Marine water | Marine water sediment | Marine water intermittent | Food chain | Air |
|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------|-----|
| Methylene chloride | PNEC = 130µg/L | PNEC = 163µg/kg | PNEC = 0.027mg/L | | |
| 75-09-2 (>99.5) | PNEC = 0.031 mg/L | sediment dw | | | |
| | | PNEC = 0.26mg/kg | | | |
| | | sediment dw | | | |

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

| Glove material | Breakthrough time | Glove thickness | EU standard | Glove comments |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| Viton (R) | < 120 minutes | 0.7 mm | EN 374 | As tested under EN374-3 Determination of |
| Nitrile rubber | < 4 minutes | 0.38 mm | | Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals |
| PVA | > 360 minutes | | | |

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. When workers are facing

concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment: Any supplied-air

respirator that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive

pressure mode:

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators: full face mask (DIN EN 136)

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

Dichloromethane Revision Date 02-May-2025

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Liquid

Method - No information available

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless Odor sweet

Odor Threshold
Melting Point/Range
Softening Point
Boiling Point/Range
Flammability (liquid)
No data available
39 °C / 102.2 °F
Not flammable

Flammability (solid,gas)

Explosion Limits

Not applicable

Lower 13 vol%

Explosion Limits Lower 13 vol% Upper 22 vol%

Flash Point No information available

Autoignition Temperature 556 °C / 1032.8 °F

Decomposition Temperature > 120°C

pH Not applicable Insoluble in water

 Viscosity
 0.42 mPas @ 25°C

 Water Solubility
 20 q/L (20°C)

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowMethylene chloride1.25

Vapor Pressure 350 mbar @ 20°C

Density / Specific Gravity 1.33

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density2.93(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaC H2 Cl2Molecular Weight84.93

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Decomposes on exposure to light.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization
Hazardous Polymerization
Hazardous Polymerization does not occur.
Forms a detonable mixture with nitric acid.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excess heat. Protect from direct sunlight.

Dichloromethane Revision Date 02-May-2025

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Amines.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Dermal Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Methylene chloride | > 2000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rat) | 53 mg/L (Rat) 6 h |
| | | | 76000 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h |

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Mutagenic effects have occured in microorganisms

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

| Component | EU | UK | Germany | IARC |
|--------------------|----|----|---------|----------|
| Methylene chloride | | | | Group 2A |

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Other Adverse Effects Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals.

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

Dichloromethane

delayed tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Causes central nervous system depression. Continued or

high exposures by inhalation will cause anaesthetic effects. This may result in a loss of consciousness and could prove fatal. Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central

Revision Date 02-May-2025

nervous system.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

ComponentFreshwater FishWater FleaFreshwater AlgaeMethylene chloridePimephales promelas: LC50:193
mg/L/96hEC50: 140 mg/L/48hEC50:>660 mg/L/96h

| Component | Microtox | M-Factor |
|--------------------|------------------------|----------|
| Methylene chloride | EC50: 1 mg/L/24 h | |
| | FC50: 2.88 mg/L/15 min | |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

| Component | log Pow | Bioconcentration factor (BCF) |
|--------------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| Methylene chloride | 1.25 | 6.4 - 40 dimensionless |

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Dichloromethane Revision Date 02-May-2025

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not empty into drains.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

UN1593 14.1. UN number

Dichloromethane 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group Ш

ADR

UN1593 14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name Dichloromethane

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group Ш

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1593

14.2. UN proper shipping name Dichloromethane

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group Ш

No hazards identified 14.5. Environmental hazards

No special precautions required. 14.6. Special precautions for user

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods

according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

| | Component | CAS No | EINECS | ELINCS | NLP | IECSC | TCSI | KECL | ENCS | ISHL |
|----|-------------------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|-------|------|----------|-------|-------|
| Me | ethylene chloride | 75-09-2 | 200-838-9 | - | - | X | X | KE-23893 | Х | Χ |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Component | CAS No | TSCA | TSCA In | ventory | DSL | NDSL | AICS | NZIoC | PICCS |

| Component | CAS No | TSCA | TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive | DSL | NDSL | AICS | NZIoC | PICCS |
|--------------------|---------|------|---|-----|------|------|-------|-------|
| Methylene chloride | 75-09-2 | X | ACTIVE | X | - | X | Х | Х |

Dichloromethane

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

| Component | CAS No | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances | REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) |
|--------------------|---------|---|---|---|
| Methylene chloride | 75-09-2 | - | Use restricted. See entry 59. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details) | |

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Restricted to industrial use and to approved professionals.

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

| Component | CAS No | Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - | Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - |
|--------------------|---------|--|---|
| | | Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident | Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report |
| | | Notification | Requirements |
| Methylene chloride | 75-09-2 | Not applicable | Not applicable |

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

| Component | Germany - Water Classification (AwSV) | Germany - TA-Luft Class |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Methylene chloride | WGK2 | Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration) |

| Component | France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases) |
|--------------------|--|
| Methylene chloride | Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 12 |

| Component | Switzerland - Ordinance on the | Switzerland - Ordinance on | Switzerland - Ordinance of the |
|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Reduction of Risk from | Incentive Taxes on Volatile | Rotterdam Convention on the |

FSUD1854

Revision Date 02-May-2025

Dichloromethane Revision Date 02-May-2025

| | handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81) | Organic Compounds (OVOC) | Prior Informed Consent Procedure |
|---|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Methylene chloride 75-09-2 (>99.5) | Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs) Prohibited and Restricted | Group I | |
| | Substances | | |

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date 27-Jan-2010 **Revision Date** 02-May-2025

Revision Summary SDS sections updated, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 15.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as

Revision Date 02-May-2025

amended.

•

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Dichloromethane - Exposure Scenarios

| CAS No | REACH registration number | EC No |
|---------|---------------------------|-----------|
| 75-09-2 | 01-2119480404-41-xxxx | 200-838-9 |

| | Exposure | Scenarios Overv | view | |
|--|--|------------------------|---|---------------|
| Title | Sector of use | Process category(ies) | Environmental release category | ES Identifier |
| Manufacture, Recycling and Distribution (Industrial) | SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals | 1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9 | ERC1 - Manufacture of substances | ES1-M1 DCM |
| Use as a process solvent / extraction medium | SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU5 - Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals | 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 15 | ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles | ES2-M2 DCM |
| Formulation of preparations and/or re-packaging | SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU10 - Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys) | 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 15 | ERC2 - Formulation of preparations | ES4-F1 DCM |
| Laboratory use | SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen) SU24 - Scientific research and development | 10, 15 | ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems | ES5-L1 DCM |

Exposure scenario

Methylene chloride - ES1-M1 DCM

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial use

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Manufacture; Includes recycling / recovery; Loading (including marine vessel/barge,

rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of

substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory

activities

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

ES1-M1 DCM Page 14/33

SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals

PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure Process category(ies)

PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line,

including weighing)

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid

pН No information available

Water Solubility Partially miscible; 13.2 g/L @ 25 °C

Vapor Pressure 325 mmHg @ 20°C

Volatility Hiah

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Annual amount used in the EU 103000 t/a Annual amount per site 25700 t/a

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Emission days 300

Receiving water dilution (fresh or marine) 18000 m3/d

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

Emission days 300 (from ESVOC SPERC 1.1.v1)

Release fraction to air from process (initial 0.0000596

release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to wastewater from 0.0000369

process (initial release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to soil from process (initial 0.0

release prior to RMM)

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Negligible air emissions as process operates in a contained system.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. Ensure all waste water is collected and treated via a WWTP.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Remarks Manufacturing plants will have on-site waste water treatment facilities and emission to the municipal

STP will not occur.

Waste management

No discharge. No air emission controls required. Air

Water Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency

of 93.5%

ES1-M1 DCM Page 15/33

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Disposal Waste resulting from on-site RMM to be disposed as chemical waste

Waste treatment methods Hazardous waste incineration

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Manufactured and processed at industrial sites in closed continuous processes with either no likelihood of exposure or with only occasional opportunity for exposure in contolled conditions e.g. during maintenance, sampling or discharge of the material. Transfer of the substance is conducted at dedicated facilities using a closed-system with vapour return. Respiratory protection is not required except for certain critical activities where respiratory protective equipment is used, for example, cleaning tanks or reactors. Measured dermal exposure data are not available.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

Covers concentrations up to

Amounts used >100%

Exposure duration < 8h hour(s)

Use frequency 220 days per year
Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor

Assumes process temperature up to

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Handle substance within a closed system Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Technical conditions and measures to Undertake operation under enclosed conditions

<=40°C

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration < 8h hour(s) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

<=40°C
Handle substance within a closed system Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin

contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to

personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration < 8 hour(s) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation

ES1-M1 DCM Page 16/33

/limit releases, dispersion and Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact.

Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up exposure

contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin

problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to Use eve protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration

Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises 100%

< 8h hour(s) Indoor <=40°C

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Wear chemically resistant

gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies)

Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use

Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

100% < 1 hour(s) Indoor <=40°C

Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop Use eve protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 95% (APF 20)

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Process category(ies)

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration < 8h hour(s) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report

ES1-M1 DCM Page 17/33

exposure

Process category(ies) PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line,

including weighing)

Covers concentrations up to 100%
Exposure duration < 8h hour(s)
Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

health evaluation

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90%

Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Covers concentrations up to 100%
Exposure duration < 8h hour(s)
Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact.

Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up

contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin

problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Control of consumer exposure Not int

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

| Fresh water | 0.31 mg/l | Marine water | 0.031 mg/l |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Fresh water sediment | 2.57 mg/kg dw | Marine water sediment | 0.26 mg/kg dw |
| Water Intermittent | 0.27 mg/l | Soil (Agriculture) | 0.33 mg/kg dw |
| Microorganisms in sewage | 25.9 mg/l | | |
| | | | |

treatment

| Environment | Predicted exposure level | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Freshwater | 5.17 x 10 ⁻³ mg/l | <0.01 |
| Marine water | 9.3 x 10 ⁻³ mg/l | <0.01 |
| Freshwater sediment | 4.16 x 10 ⁻⁴ mg/kg dw | <0.01 |
| Marine sediment | 7.49 x 10 ⁻⁴ mg/kg dw | <0.01 |
| Soil | 1.26 x 10 ⁻⁴ mg/kg dw | <0.01 |

Calculation method - EUSES 2.1

Remarks

No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment. All derived PECs are below the relevant PNEC and so no further assessment or refinements are required.

ES1-M1 DCM Page 18/33

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

| Route of exposure | Acute effects (local) | Acute effects (systemic) | Chronic effects (local) | Chronic effects (systemic) |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Oral | | | | |
| Dermal | | | | 12 mg/kg bw/d |
| Inhalation | 706 mg/m ³ | | 353 mg/m ³ | 0 0 |

| Process category(ies) | Exposure route | Predicted exposure level | Risk characterization ratio |
|---|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure | Worker - inhalative | 0.01 ppm | (RCR) <0.01 |
| likelinood of exposure | Worker - dermal | 0.07 mg/kg bw/day | < 0.01 |
| PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process | Worker - inhalative | 50 ppm | 0.5 |
| with occasional controlled exposure | Worker - dermal 0.27 mg/kg bw/day | | < 0.01 |
| PROC3 - Use in closed batch process | Worker - inhalative | 10 ppm | 0.1 |
| (synthesis or formulation) | Worker - dermal 1.37 mg/kg bw/day | < 0.01 | |
| PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises | Worker - inhalative | 10 ppm | 0.1 |
| alises | Worker - dermal | 1.37 mg/kg bw/day | < 0.01 |
| PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities | Worker - inhalative | 50 ppm | 0.5 |
| racinues | Worker - dermal 2.74 mg/kg bw/day | | < 0.01 |
| PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent | Worker - inhalative Worker - dermal | 50 ppm 0.07 mg/kg bw/d | 0.5 < 0.01 |

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented

ECHA guidance for downstream users

ES1-M1 DCM Page 19/33

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Dichloromethane - Exposure Scenarios

| CAS No | REACH registration number | EC No |
|---------|---------------------------|-----------|
| 75-09-2 | 01-2119480404-41-xxxx | 200-838-9 |

Exposure scenario

Methylene chloride - ES2-M2 DCM

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial use

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Use as a Process Solvent / Extraction Medium (Industrial)

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)

SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC10 - Roller application or brushing PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of

articles

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid

pH No information available

Water Solubility Partially miscible; 13.2 g/L @ 25 °C

Vapor Pressure 325 mmHg @ 20°C

Volatility High

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Regional use tonnage 2410 t/a Annual amount per site 2410 t/a

ES2-M2 DCM Page 20 / 33

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Emission days 100

Receiving water dilution (fresh or marine) 18000 m3/d

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

Emission days 100 (from ESVOC SPERC 1.1.v1)

Release fraction to air from process (initial 0.669

release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to wastewater from 0.00154

process (initial release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to soil from process (initial 0.0

release prior to RMM)

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Negligible air emissions as process operates in a contained system.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. Ensure all waste water is collected and treated via a WWTP.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Remarks Manufacturing plants will have on-site waste water treatment facilities and emission to the municipal

STP will not occur.

Waste management

Air No discharge. No air emission controls required.

Water Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency

of 93.5%

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Disposal Waste resulting from on-site RMM to be disposed as chemical waste

Waste treatment methods Hazardous waste incineration

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Manufactured and processed at industrial sites in closed continuous processes with either no likelihood of exposure or with only occasional opportunity for exposure in contolled conditions e.g. during maintenance, sampling or discharge of the material. Transfer of the substance is conducted at dedicated facilities using a closed-system with vapour return. Respiratory protection is not required except for certain critical activities where respiratory protective equipment is used, for example, cleaning tanks or reactors.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

Covers concentrations up to
Amounts used
Exposure duration
Use frequency

100%

>1000 t/y

< 8h hour(s)

100 days per year

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent

/limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Handle substance within a closed system Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize

exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Technical conditions and measures to Undertake operation under enclosed conditions

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

ES2-M2 DCM Page 21/33

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration

100%

Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

< 8h hour(s) Indoor <=40°C

Handle substance within a closed system Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent

/limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

100% < 8 hour(s) Indoor <=40°C

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor

Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

< 8h hour(s)

<=40°C

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Wear chemically resistant

gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration < 8h hour(s) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to

Organisational measures to prevent Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with

ES2-M2 DCM Page 22 / 33

| /limit releases, dispersion and | product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| exposure | hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. |
| • | Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / |
| | minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop |
| Technical conditions and measures to | Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur |
| control dispersion from source toward | ds |
| the worker | |
| Conditions and measures related to | Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear |

personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration < 8h hour(s) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact.

Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin

problems that may develop Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90%

Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

| Fresh water | 0.31 mg/l | Marine water | 0.031 mg/l |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Fresh water sediment | 2.57 mg/kg dw | Marine water sediment | 0.26 mg/kg dw |
| Water Intermittent | 0.27 mg/l | Soil (Agriculture) | 0.33 mg/kg dw |
| Microorganisms in sewage | 25.9 mg/l | | |
| treatment | | | ļ |

Risk characterization ratio (RCR) Environment Predicted exposure level **Freshwater** 5.17 x 10⁻³ mg/l < 0.01 Marine water 9.3 x 10⁻³ mg/l < 0.01 Freshwater sediment 4.16 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw < 0.01 7.49 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw Marine sediment < 0.01 Soil 1.26 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw < 0.01 Calculation method - EUSES 2.1

Remarks

No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment. All derived PECs are below the relevant PNEC and so no further assessment or refinements are required.

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

| Route of exposure | Acute effects (local) | Acute effects | Chronic effects | Chronic effects |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | (systemic) | (local) | (systemic) |
| Oral | | | | |

ES2-M2 DCM Page 23/33

| Dermal | | | 12 mg/kg bw/d |
|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Inhalation | 706 ma/m ³ | 353 mg/m ³ | 0 0 |

| Process category(ies) | Exposure route | Predicted exposure level | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |
|---|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| PROC1 - Use in closed process, no | Worker - inhalative | 0.01 ppm | <0.01 |
| likelihood of exposure | Worker - dermal | 0.07 mg/kg bw/day | < 0.01 |
| PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure | Worker - inhalative | 50 ppm | 0.5 |
| with occasional controlled exposure | Worker - dermal 0.27 mg/kg bw/day | | < 0.01 |
| PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) | Worker - inhalative | 10 ppm | 0.1 |
| (Synthesis of formulation) | Worker - dermal | 1.37 mg/kg bw/day | < 0.01 |
| PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure | Worker - inhalative | 10 ppm | 0.1 |
| arises | Worker - dermal | 1.37 mg/kg bw/day | < 0.01 |
| PROC10 - Roller application or brushing | Worker - inhalative Worker - dermal | 25 ppm 5.49 mg/kg bw/d | 0.25 < 0.01 |
| PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent | Worker - inhalative Worker - dermal | 50 ppm 0.07 mg/kg bw/d | 0.5 < 0.01 |

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented

ECHA guidance for downstream users

ES2-M2 DCM Page 24/33

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Dichloromethane - Exposure Scenarios

| CAS No | REACH registration number | EC No |
|---------|---------------------------|-----------|
| 75-09-2 | 01-2119480404-41-xxxx | 200-838-9 |

Exposure scenario

Methylene chloride

- ES3-F1 DCM

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial use

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Use as a Process Solvent / Extraction Medium (Industrial)

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU10 - Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys)

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles

(multistage and/or significant contact)

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line,

including weighing)

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid

pH No information available

Water Solubility Partially miscible; 13.2 g/L @ 25 °C

Vapor Pressure 325 mmHg @ 20°C

Volatility High

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Regional use tonnage 2810 t/a Annual amount per site 239 t/a

ES3-F1 DCM Page 25 / 33

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Emission days 300

Receiving water dilution (fresh or marine) 18000 m3/d

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

Emission days 300 (from ESVOC SPERC 1.1.v1)

Release fraction to air from process (initial 0.025

release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to wastewater from 0.02 process (initial release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to soil from process (initial 0.0

release prior to RMM)

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Negligible air emissions as process operates in a contained system.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. Ensure all waste water is collected and treated via a WWTP.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Remarks Manufacturing plants will have on-site waste water treatment facilities and emission to the municipal

STP will not occur.

Waste management

Air No discharge. No air emission controls required.

Water Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Waste resulting from on-site RMM to be disposed as chemical waste Disposal

Waste treatment methods Hazardous waste incineration

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Manufactured and processed at industrial sites in closed continuous processes with either no likelihood of exposure or with only occasional opportunity for exposure in contolled conditions e.g. during maintenance, sampling or discharge of the material. Transfer of the substance is conducted at dedicated facilities using a closed-system with vapour return. Respiratory protection is not required except for certain critical activities where respiratory protective equipment is used, for example, cleaning tanks or reactors. Measured dermal exposure data are not available.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default) Use frequency 300 days per year

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent

/limit releases, dispersion and

exposure Conditions and measures related to

personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation Use of closed transfers of liquids from storage to production equipment (e.g. metered piped

or pumped additions) Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

ES3-F1 DCM Page 26 / 33

Process category(ies) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration >4 hours (default) Indoor/Outdoor use

100%

Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Indoor <=40°C Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if

hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a

respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Wear chemically resistant

gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies)

health evaluation

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor

Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

<=40°C Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 95% (APF 20)

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity

training

<=40°C

100%

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies)

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor

Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Process category(ies)

PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

Covers concentrations up to

>4 hours (default) Exposure duration

Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Indoor

<=40°C Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation Avoid direct

skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop Technical conditions and measures to Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

ES3-F1 DCM Page 27 / 33

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Covers concentrations up to 1009

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent

/limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up

contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin

problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90%

Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

| Fresh water | 0.31 mg/l | Marine water | 0.031 mg/l |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Fresh water sediment | 2.57 mg/kg dw | Marine water sediment | 0.26 mg/kg dw |
| Water Intermittent | 0.27 mg/l | Soil (Agriculture) | 0.33 mg/kg dw |
| Microorganisms in sewage | 25.9 mg/l | | |
| treatment | | | |

Predicted exposure level Environment Risk characterization ratio (RCR) Freshwater 5.17 x 10⁻³ mg/l < 0.01 9.3 x 10⁻³ mg/l < 0.01 Marine water Freshwater sediment 4.16 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw < 0.01 Marine sediment 7.49 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw < 0.01 1.26 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw < 0.01 Soil Calculation method - EUSES 2.1

Remarks

No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment. All derived PECs are below the relevant PNEC and so no further assessment or refinements are required.

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

| Route of exposure | Acute effects (local) | Acute effects | Chronic effects | Chronic effects |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| | | (systemic) | (local) | (systemic) |
| Oral | | | | |
| Dermal | | | | 12 mg/kg bw/d |
| Inhalation | 706 mg/m ³ | | 353 mg/m ³ | |

| Process category(ies) | Exposure route | Predicted exposure level | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |
|--|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) | Worker - inhalative | 10 ppm | 0.1 |
| (Synthosis of formulation) | Worker - dermal | 0.07 mg/kg bw/day | < 0.01 |
| PROC4 - Use in batch and other process | Worker - inhalative | 10 ppm | 0.1 |

ES3-F1 DCM Page 28 / 33

| (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|--------|
| | Worker - dermal | 1.37 mg/kg bw/day | < 0.01 |
| PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities | Worker - inhalative | 25 ppm | 0.3 |
| | Worker - dermal | 2.74 mg/kg bw/day | < 0.01 |
| PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities | Worker - inhalative | 4.5 mg/m³ | 0.05 |
| | Worker - dermal | 1.37 mg/kg bw/day | < 0.01 |
| PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) | Worker - inhalative | 20 mg/m³ | 0.2 |
| 3 - 1, - 1 - 1 - 3 - 3, | Worker - dermal | 1.37 mg/kg bw/day | < 0.01 |
| PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent | Worker - inhalative | 50 ppm | 0.5 |
| | Worker - dermal | 0.07 mg/kg bw/d | < 0.01 |

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

ES3-F1 DCM Page 29 / 33

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Dichloromethane - Exposure Scenarios

| CAS No | REACH registration number | EC No |
|---------|---------------------------|-----------|
| 75-09-2 | 01-2119480404-41-xxxx | 200-838-9 |

Exposure scenario

Methylene chloride

- ES4-L1 DCM

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial use

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Laboratory use (Professional)

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU10 - Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys)

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid

pH No information available

Water Solubility Partially miscible; 13.2 g/L @ 25 °C

Vapor Pressure 325 mmHg @ 20°C

Volatility High

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Regional use tonnage 257 t/a Annual amount per site 257 t/a

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Emission days 300

Receiving water dilution (fresh or marine) 18000 m3/d

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

Emission days 300 (from ESVOC SPERC 1.1.v1)

Release fraction to air from process (initial 0.5

release prior to RMM)

ES4-L1 DCM Page 30 / 33

Release fraction to wastewater from 0.5

process (initial release prior to RMM)
Release fraction to soil from process (initial 0.0

release prior to RMM)

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Negligible air emissions as process operates in a contained system.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. Ensure all waste water is collected and treated via a WWTP.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Remarks Manufacturing plants will have on-site waste water treatment facilities and emission to the municipal

STP will not occur.

Waste management

Air No discharge. No air emission controls required.

Water Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency

of 93.5%

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Disposal Waste resulting from on-site RMM to be disposed as chemical waste

Waste treatment methods Hazardous waste incineration

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Manufactured and processed at industrial sites in closed continuous processes with either no likelihood of exposure or with only occasional opportunity for exposure in contolled conditions e.g. during maintenance, sampling or discharge of the material. Transfer of the substance is conducted at dedicated facilities using a closed-system with vapour return. Respiratory protection is not required except for certain critical activities where respiratory protective equipment is used, for example, cleaning tanks or reactors. Measured dermal exposure data are not available.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
Use frequency 300 days per year

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent

/limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact.

Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up

contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin

problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90%

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Use frequency 300 days per year

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if

hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur.

ES4-L1 DCM Page 31/33

Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent /

minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

| | Fresh water | 0.31 mg/l | Marine water | 0.031 mg/l |
|---|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| | Fresh water sediment | 2.57 mg/kg dw | Marine water sediment | 0.26 mg/kg dw |
| | Water Intermittent | 0.27 mg/l | Soil (Agriculture) | 0.33 mg/kg dw |
| | Microorganisms in sewage | 25.9 mg/l | | |
| L | treatment | | | |

| Environment | Predicted exposure level | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Freshwater | 5.17 x 10 ⁻³ mg/l | <0.01 |
| Marine water | 9.3 x 10 ⁻³ mg/l | <0.01 |
| Freshwater sediment | 4.16 x 10 ⁻⁴ mg/kg dw | <0.01 |
| Marine sediment | 7.49 x 10 ⁻⁴ mg/kg dw | <0.01 |
| Soil | 1.26 x 10 ⁻⁴ mg/kg dw | <0.01 |
| Coloulation motheral FLICEC 0.4 | | |

Calculation method - EUSES 2.1

Remarks

No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment. All derived PECs are below the relevant PNEC and so no further assessment or refinements are required.

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

| Delived No Elicot Ecvel (DIVEE) | Occ table for values | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Route of exposure | Acute effects (local) | Acute effects | Chronic effects | Chronic effects |
| | | (systemic) | (local) | (systemic) |
| Oral | | | | |
| Dermal | | | | 12 mg/kg bw/d |
| Inhalation | 706 mg/m ³ | | 353 mg/m ³ | - • |

| Process category(ies) | Exposure route | Predicted exposure level | Risk characterization ratio (RCR) |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| PROC10 - Roller application or brushing | Worker - inhalative | 60 ppm | 0.6 |
| | Worker - dermal | 5.49 mg/kg bw/d | < 0.01 |
| PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent | Worker - inhalative | 50 ppm | 0.5 |
| | Worker - dermal | 0.07 mg/kg bw/d | < 0.01 |

Calculation method Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

ES4-L1 DCM Page 32 / 33

(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

ES4-L1 DCM Page 33/33