

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 16-Nov-2010 Revision Date 29-Sep-2023 Revision Number 11

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1), stabilized

Cat No. : 327110000; 327115000

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) WQQ8-H3EX-CX06-KPNQ

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business nameFisher Scientific UK
Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

Poison Centre - Emergency information services

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) -

01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000 Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1), stabilized

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Health hazards

Category 3 (H301) Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Category 3 (H311) Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Category 3 (H331) Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1 (H314) B Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1 (H318) Germ Cell Mutagenicity Category 2 (H341) Carcinogenicity Category 2 (H351) Reproductive Toxicity Category 2 (H361d) Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H336) Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 1 (H372)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

Precautionary Statements

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Additional EU labelling

For use in industrial installations only

2.3. Other hazards

Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Chloroform	67-66-3	200-663-8	45-50	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) Repr. 2 (H361d) STOT RE 1 (H372)
Phenol	108-95-2	EEC No. 203-632-7	45-50	Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Muta. 2 (H341) STOT RE 2 (H373)
Isoamyl alcohol	123-51-3	EEC No. 204-633-5	1-3	Flam Liq. 3 (H226) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) (EUH066)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Chloroform	STOT RE 2 : C ≥ 5 %	-	-
Phenol	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) :: 1%<=C<3% Skin Corr. 1B (H314) :: C>=3% Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) :: 1%<=C<3%		-

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Chloroform	01-2119486657-20	
Phenol	01-2119471329-32	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Inhalation If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim

ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh

Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1), stabilized

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air. Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: RAPIDLY ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN: Systemic Toxicity: Causes central nervous system depression: Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness, cessation of breathing: Exposure through inhalation may result in delayed pulmonary edema, which may be fatal: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Signs of overdose include stupor and respiratory depression. Effects of exposure (inhalation, ingestion or skin contact) to substance may be delayed. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors, Phosgene, Hydrogen chloride gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 6.1C

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Chloroform	TWA: 2 ppm	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 9.9 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA: 9.8 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	STEL: 6 ppm	Possibility of significant	STEL: 6 ppm 15 min
	STEL: 29.7 mg/m ³	uptake through the skin	STEL: 29.4 mg/m ³ 15 min
			Skin
Phenol	STEL: 4 ppm 15 min	TWA: 2 ppm (8h)	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 16 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ (8h)	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 4 ppm (15min)	STEL: 4 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 7.8 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 16 mg/m ³ (15min)	STEL: 16 mg/m ³ 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin
Isoamyl alcohol	STEL: 125 ppm 15 min		TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 458 mg/m ³ 15 min		TWA: 18 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr		STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 min
	TWA: 366 mg/m ³ 8 hr		STEL: 37 ppm 15 min

Biological limit values

List source(s):

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Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Chloroform				DNEL = 0.94mg/kg
67-66-3 (45-50)				bw/day
Phenol				DNEL = 1.23mg/kg
108-95-2 (45-50)				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Chloroform 67-66-3 (45-50)		DNEL = 333mg/m ³	DNEL = 2.5mg/m ³	DNEL = 2.5mg/m ³
Phenol 108-95-2 (45-50)	DNEL = 16mg/m ³			DNEL = 8mg/m ³
Isoamyl alcohol 123-51-3 (1-3)	DNEL = 292mg/m ³		DNEL = 73.16mg/m ³	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Chloroform	PNEC = 0.146mg/L	PNEC = 0.45mg/kg	PNEC = 0.133mg/L	PNEC = 0.048mg/L	PNEC = 0.56mg/kg
67-66-3 (45-50)		sediment dw		-	soil dw
Phenol	PNEC =	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.031mg/L	PNEC = 2.1mg/L	PNEC =
108-95-2 (45-50)	0.0077mg/L	0.0915mg/kg			0.136mg/kg soil dw
		sediment dw			
Isoamyl alcohol	PNEC = 0.12mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 1.2mg/L	PNEC = 37mg/L	PNEC =
123-51-3 (1-3)		0.496mg/kg		-	0.0287mg/kg soil
		sediment dw			dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Chloroform	DNEC - 0.015mg/l	PNEC = 0.09mg/kg			
	FINEC = 0.013111g/L				
67-66-3 (45-50)		sediment dw			
Phenol	PNEC =	PNEC =			
108-95-2 (45-50)	0.00077mg/L	0.00915mg/kg			
		sediment dw			
Isoamyl alcohol	PNEC = 0.012mg/L	PNEC =			
123-51-3 (1-3)		0.0496mg/kg			
		sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

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Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Skin and body protection

Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

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and maintained properly

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits Large scale/emergency use

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387 low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure Small scale/Laboratory use

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water **Environmental exposure controls**

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Liquid

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Yellow **Appearance**

Odor No information available **Odor Threshold** No data available **Melting Point/Range** No data available **Softening Point** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** No information available Flammability (liquid) No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature No data available **Decomposition Temperature** No data available

3.0-8.2 Hq

Viscosity No data available Water Solubility Partially miscible Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Chloroform 2

ACR32711

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Phenol 1.5

Isoamyl alcohol 1.35

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 1.280

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity Sensitivity to light Moisture sensitive.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acetone. Alkali metals. Aluminium.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 3DermalCategory 3InhalationCategory 3

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Chloroform	LD50 = 908 mg/kg (rat) LD50 = 695 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 = 450 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 20 g/kg(Rabbit)	LC50 = 10.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Phenol	LD50 = 340 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 630 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 316 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
Isoamyl alcohol	LD50 = 5770 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 3250 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 2000 ppm (Rat) 8 h

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(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

Category 1 (c) serious eye damage/irritation;

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

Category 2 (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Substances which cause concern for man owing to possible mutagenic effects but for which

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the available information is not adequate for making a satisfactory assessment

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Chloroform				Group 2B
Phenol			Cat. 3B	

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 2

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Central nervous system (CNS), Respiratory system. Results / Target organs

Category 1 (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Target Organs Central nervous system (CNS), Eyes, Respiratory system, Kidney, Heart, Liver, Skin.

No data available (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. RAPIDLY ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. Systemic Toxicity. Causes central nervous system depression. Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness, cessation of breathing. Exposure through inhalation may result in delayed pulmonary edema, which may be fatal. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may

cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any **Endocrine Disrupting Properties**

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects Contains a substance which is:. The product contains following substances which are

hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Chloroform	LC50: = 300 mg/L, 96h static	EC50 = 28.9 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 560 mg/L/48h

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	(Poecilia reticulata) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 71 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)		
Phenol	4-7 mg/L LC50 96 h 32 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50: 10.2 - 15.5 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna) EC50: 4.24 - 10.7 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna)	EC50: 187 - 279 mg/L, 72h static (Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: 0.0188 - 0.1044 mg/L, 96h static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: = 46.42 mg/L, 96h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
Isoamyl alcohol	LC50 96 h 700 mg/L (rainbow trout)	EC50: = 260 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)	EC50: = 181 mg/L, 96h (Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: = 493 mg/L, 72h (Desmodesmus subspicatus)

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Chloroform	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 520 mg/L/5	
	min	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 670	
	mg/L/15 min	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 670	
	mg/L/30min	
Phenol	EC50 21 - 36 mg/L 30 min	
	EC50 = 23.28 mg/L 5 min	
	EC50 = 25.61 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 28.8 mg/L 5 min	
	EC50 = 31.6 mg/L 15 min	
Isoamyl alcohol	EC50 = 2500 mg/L 17 h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Chloroform	2	1.4 - 13 dimensionless
Phenol	1.5	17.5 dimensionless
		647 dimensionless
Isoamyl alcohol	1.35	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil No information available .

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1), stabilized

12.7. Other adverse effects
Persistent Organic Pollutant
Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

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on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will

affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN2810

14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping NameTOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (PHENOL, CHLOROFORM)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 **14.4. Packing group** II

<u>ADR</u>

14.1. UN number UN2810

14.2. UN proper shipping nameTOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.Technical Shipping Name(PHENOL, CHLOROFORM)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group II

IATA

14.1. UN number UN2810

14.2. UN proper shipping nameTOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.Technical Shipping Name(PHENOL, CHLOROFORM)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group II

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14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

<u>14.7. Maritime transport in bulk</u> according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Chloroform	67-66-3	200-663-8	-	-	X	X	X	X	X
Phenol	108-95-2	203-632-7	-	-	Х	Х	X	X	Х
Isoamyl alcohol	123-51-3	204-633-5	-	=	Х	Х	KE-23575	X	X

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Chloroform	67-66-3	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	Х
Phenol	108-95-2	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	Х	Х
Isoamyl alcohol	123-51-3	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Chloroform	67-66-3		Use restricted. See item 32. (see http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Le xUriServ/LexUriServ.do?ur i=CELEX:32006R1907:EN: NOT for restriction details)	-
Phenol	108-95-2	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Isoamyl alcohol	123-51-3	-	-	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Chloroform	67-66-3	Not applicable	Not applicable
Phenol	108-95-2	Not applicable	Not applicable
Isoamyl alcohol	123-51-3	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Component	ANNEX I - PART 1	ANNEX I - PART 2	ANNEX I - PART 3
	List of chemicals subject to	List of chemicals qualifying for	List of chemicals subject to the
	export notification procedure	PIC notification	PIC procedure
	(referred to in Article 8)	(referred to in Article 11)	(referred to in Articles 13 and
			14)
Chloroform	b — ban (for the category or	-	-

Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1), stabilized

67-66-3 (45-50)

categories concerned)

b — ban (for the category or categories concerned)

i(2) — industrial chemical for public

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32012R0649&qid=1604065742303.

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 3 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Chloroform	WGK 3	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)
Phenol	WGK2	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)
Isoamyl alcohol	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)			
Chloroform	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 12			
Phenol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 14			
Isoamyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84			

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Chloroform	Prohibited and Restricted		Annex I - industrial chemical
67-66-3 (45-50)	Substances		
Phenol	Prohibited and Restricted		
108-95-2 (45-50)	Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

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Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1), stabilized

H318 - Causes serious eve damage

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

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EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

16-Nov-2010 **Creation Date Revision Date** 29-Sep-2023

Revision Summary SDS sections updated.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet